Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL
BAM-L105 / 050

ausverkauft / out of stock

VC single layer on 100Cr6 steel

Certified property:

Layer thickness d_{CRM} of VC coatings on 100Cr6 steel

Certified quantity	Certified value, µm	Uncertainty, µm (k = 2)
d_{CRM}	2.69	0.16

Informative values:

A: Surface topography and roughness

The evaluation of roughness according to DIN EN ISO 4287/4288 by a mechanical profilometer (evaluation length 4 mm) has shown that there is no measurable difference in surface roughness between the coated and uncoated samples: R_a = 0.03 µm; R_z = 0.2 µm.
(R_a - roughness average, R_z - mean roughness depth)

The evaluation of roughness by WLI (White Light Interferometry), evaluation area (70 x 70) µm², gives R_a = 0.01 µm and R_z = 0.4 µm.

The evaluation of roughness by AFM (Atomic Force Microscopy), evaluation area (5 x 5) µm², gives R_a= 7 nm and R_z = 50 nm.

B: Mechanical properties

The determination of H_{IT} (H_{IT}-indentation hardness) and E_{IT} (E_{IT}-indentation modulus) by instrumented indentation tests (F_{max} = 10 mN, h_{max} = 175 nm, 100 indentations averaged over an area of (20 x 20) mm^2) according to DIN EN ISO 14577 gives H_{IT} = (25 ± 6) GPa and E_{IT} = (312 ± 68) GPa.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SAMPLE

VC coatings with a nominal layer thickness of 2.5 µm have been deposited on polished 100Cr6 steel substrates (discs of 30 mm in diameter and 4 mm thickness) using a PVD UBM sputtering process. To improve adhesion, a Cr inter-layer with a layer thickness of approximately 100 nm was used.

INSTRUCTION FOR USE

VC coatings are useful for the evaluation and calibration of depth measurement and depth resolution of surface analytical methods (e.g. GD-OES, AES, ESCA) and for the evaluation and calibration of metallographic preparation methods (e.g. cross-sectioning, ball-grinding).
For each CRM, a value of the VC layer thickness, valid for the central surface area with a diameter of 25 mm, is certified. In case of use, it is a prerequisite to avoid any mechanical (such as scratching) or chemical treatment (such as aggressive agents) on the surface. Storage under ordinary laboratory conditions results in an unavoidable native oxide film of some nanometer film thickness.

ANALYTICAL METHODS USED

The determination of the certified value was performed by means of a validated and calibrated scanning electron microscope (SEM) at cross-sections of batch reference samples. The certification procedure was performed in a laboratory of BAM accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (DAP-PL-2614.08).

DATA EVALUATION

1. For all batch reference samples, destructive testing has been performed. Preparation method (cross-sectioning) and measurement method (SEM) have been validated using reference SiO_2 coatings on Silicon. Prior to destructive testing, the layer thickness of SiO_2 coatings has been determined non-destructively and independently by spectroscopic ellipsometry (SE).
2. The average layer thickness d_a of VC and the standard uncertainty $u(d_a)$ were calculated from 5 measurements at different points along the cross-section of the batch reference samples using validated and calibrated preparation and measurement methods described before.
3. For the calculation of the certified layer thickness d_{CRM}, the difference $(d_{SE,SiO_2} - d_{SEM,SiO_2})$ was taken as constant correction ($\Delta_{corr} = 0.03$ µm): $d_{CRM} = d_a + \Delta_{corr}$.
4. All samples of the mounting levels with the highest respectively lowest deposition rate have been tested non-destructively by means of surface acoustic wave (SAW) technique. So, a fingerprint of layer thickness, Young´s modulus, Poisson's ratio and density was taken. The upper bound of the standard uncertainty of the layer thickness within mounting level with the highest deposition rate was taken as constant $u(d_{SAW}) = 0.05$ µm.
5. The average layer thickness d_a determined for the batch reference samples of each mounting level was identified as the certified value of coating thickness d_{CRM} for samples of identical mounting levels.

SHELF LIFE

Provided the sample is stored and handled appropriately, the certification will remain valid for 24 months from the date of shipment.

LEGAL NOTICE

Neither the Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing (BAM) nor any person acting on its behalf make any warranty or representation, expressed or implied, that the use of any information, material, apparatus, method or process disclosed in this document may not infringe privately owned rights, or assume any liability with respect to the use of, or damages resulting from the use of any information, material, apparatus, method or process disclosed in this document.

Berlin, 23. February 2004

Dir. u. Prof. Dr.-Ing. W. Paatsch
Head of Department
Materials Protection; Non-Destructive Testing

Dir. u. Prof. Dr. G. Reiners
Head of Division
Surface Technology